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TOM Reel 43.
Frame 000260 -
000267

U. S. Bureau of Mines
Hydro. Demon. Plant Div.

T-154

Essen, July 16, 1942.

**OPERATION COSTS IN THE SYNTHESIS GAS
PRODUCTION IN RHEINPREUSSEN**

The operating costs were computed on the strength of the heat flow sheet of the Treibstoffwerk Rheinpreussen of 7-6-42 and the computations made from it by Mr. Schürhoff on 7-13-42.

1. Computation of operation costs of a water gas installation with 10 producers of 6000 m³ hourly capacity = 60,000 m³ water gas/hour, or 1,440,000 m³ water gas/day.

Expense per day:

1. Coke,	1,440,000	= 1000 te, @ RM 20.-	RM 20,000.-
	1440		
2. 75 labor shifts, @ RM 12.-			RM 900.-
3. Power			
	25 x 1,440,000	= 36,000 kwh @ RM 0.02	RM 720.-
	1000		
4. Circulating water	17 x 1,440,000	= 25,000 m ³ @ RM 0.02	RM 500.-
	1000		
5. Make-up water, 10% of circulating water	2,500 m ³	@ RM 0.02	RM 50.-
6. Feed water, 1,800 m ³ , @ RM 0.20			RM 360.-
7. Steam, 3 atm, 1,700 te, @ RM 1.50			RM 2,550.-
8. Amortization, Interest and maintenance			
	12 + 5 = 17% on 12,150,000		RM 5,750
Total expense, per day			RM 30,830.-

Receipts per day:

1. Steam, 16 atm, 1,440 te, @ RM 3.-	= 4,320
2. Steam, 3 atm, 326 te, @ RM 1.50	= 487

Total receipts per day RM 4,807.-

Operating costs, incl. capital service
and maintenance

RM 26,023.-

Operating costs/nm³ water gas $\frac{2,602,300}{1,440,000} = 1.818$ pfg

Operating costs/nm³ CO + H₂ $\frac{1.818}{87.22} = 2.075$ Pfg

Rheinpreussen uses RM 17.50 as the price per te of coke. This reduces the operating costs per day to RM 23,523, or

per nm³ water gas to Pfg 1.635, and
per nm³ CO + H₂ Pfg 1.875

II. Estimation of operating costs of a gasification plant for fines with 5 producer units of 12,000 nm³ hourly capacity $\times 60,000$ nm³ water gas per hour, or 1,440,000 nm³ water gas per day.

Expenses per day:

1. Coal			
	$\frac{1,440,000}{2,700} = 533$ te,	at RM 14,-	RM 7,460,-
2. Oxygen, $\frac{1,440,000 \times 0.17}{245,000 \text{ nm}^3}$	at 0.025		6,125,-
3. 51 labor days, @	at RM 12,-		612,-
4. Power			
	$\frac{25 \times 1,440,000}{1000} = 36,000$ kwh	at 0.02	720,-
5. Circulating water			
	$\frac{17 \times 1,440,000}{1000} = 25,000 \text{ m}^3$	at 0.02	600,-
6. Make-up water, 10% of circ. water	at 0.02		50,-
7. Feed water, 650 m ³	at 0.20		130,-
8. Fuel gas, 465×10^6 kcal	at 4.50		2,183,-
9. Steam, 3 atm, 576 te	at 1.50		865,-
10. Amortization, interest and maintenance, $12 + 2\% = 14\%$ on RM 9,000,000			3,450,-
Total expense, per day			RM 22,096,-

Receipt per day: (No. carried from Pg.1) 22,095.-

Steam, 16 atm, 625 te € RM 3.- 1,875.-
Operating costs, includ. capital services and 20,220.-
maintenance.

Operating costs per nm³ water gas 2,022,000 = Pfg 1,405
1,440,000

Operating costs per nm³ CO + H₂ 1,405 = Pfg 1.69
83

III. Estimate of operating costs of a gas reforming plant for
10,000 nm³ coke oven gas = 16,000 nm³ reformed gas per hour =
356,000 nm³ reformed gas per day.

Expenses per day

1. Coke oven gas, 240,000 nm ³	€ RM 0.017	RM 4,080
2. Fuel gas, 232×10^6 kcal	€ 4.50	1,045
3. 9 man-days	€ 12.-	108
4. Power, $15 \times 386,500$ = 5800 kwh 1000	€ 0.02	116
5. Circulating water, $\frac{18 \times 386,500}{1000} = 7000 \text{ m}^3$	€ 0.02	140
6. Make-up water = 10% of circ. water	€ 0.02	14
7. Steam, 3 atm, 175 te	€ 2.50	263.
8. Amortization, interest and maint- enance 12 + 2% on 2,000,000 =		767.-

Operating costs, including capital services
and maintenance 6,533.-

Operating costs per nm³ reformed gas, 653,300 = Pfg. 1.69
386,500

Operating costs per nm³ CO + H₂ 1,690 x 100 = 1.98
85.36

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Rheinpreussen figures the price of coke oven gas of 1.5 Pfg per nm³, corresponding to 0.336 Pfg per 1000 kcal.

Should this value be used in the estimate of operating costs, for coke oven gas or fuel gas, the operating costs per day, including capital services and maintenance will amount to RM 5,109,-.

or, per nm³ of reformed gas ~~530,800~~ = 1.375,
386,600 Pfg.

per nm³ of CO + H₂ 1.375 = Pfg 1.61
83.66

The operating costs in the above computations were determined with the inclusion of capital services and maintenance, and were:

per nm³ water gas from coke
per nm³ water gas from powdered coal
per nm³ reformed coke oven gas.

Below are given the costs of synthesis gas obtained by mixing of water gas obtained from coke or from powdered coal with the reformed gas from coke oven gas.

A). Synthesis gas with water gas from coke:

65% water gas + 35% reformed gas = 100% synthesis gas			
CO ₂	7.39%	5.12%	6.50%
O ₂	0.17	0.12	0.15
CO	36.69	14.60	29.00
H ₂	50.53	70.76	68.00
CH ₄	0.37	1.90	1.00
N ₂	4.86	7.50	5.35

With a coke price of RM 20.4 per te and a coke oven gas price of Pfg 1.7 per nm³, the cost of synthesis gas will figure to:

$$0.65 \times 1.81 + 0.35 \times 1.69 = \text{Pfg } 1.769 \text{ per nm}^3 \\ \text{Pfg } 2.035 \text{ per nm}^3 \text{ CO + H}_2$$

With a coke price of RM 17.60/te and a coke oven gas price of Pfg. 1.5/nm³, the cost of the synthesis gas will figure to:

$$0.65 \times 1.635 + 0.35 \times 1.375 = \text{Pfg. } 1.543/\text{nm}^3 \\ 1.775/\text{nm}^3 \text{ CO + H}_2$$

B). Synthesis gas from powdered bituminous coal.

70% water gas + 30% reformed gas = 100% synthesis gas			
CO ₂ 16.0%	5.12%	12.70%	
O ₂ -	0.12	0.04	
CO 34.0	14.60	28.00	
H ₂ 49.0	70.76	56.00	
CH ₄ -	1.90	0.56	
N ₂ 1.0	7.50	2.70	

With the price of coke oven gas of Pfg. 1.7 nm³, the cost of synthesis gas will figure to

$$0.70 \times 1.405 + 0.30 \times 1.690 = \text{Pfg } 1.487/\text{nm}^3 = \\ " 1.770/\text{nm}^3 \text{ per nm}^3 \text{ CO+H}_2$$

With the coke oven gas at Pfg 1.3/nm³, the synthesis gas figures to

$$0.70 \times 1.405 + 0.30 \times 1.375 = \text{Pfg } 1.392/\text{nm}^3 = \\ " 1.660/\text{nm}^3 \text{ per nm}^3 \text{ CO+H}_2$$

IV. Estimation of powdered coal producer installation with 6 producer units of 12,000 nm³ hourly capacity for the direct production of synthesis gas with the proportion of CO : H₂ = 1.2, total 60,000 nm³ synthesis gas per hour, or 1,440,000 nm³ synthesis gas per day.

Expense per day:

1. Coal

$$\frac{1,440,000}{2800} = 514 \text{ te} @ \text{RM } 14.- \text{ RM } 7,200$$

$$2. Oxygen \frac{1,440,000 \times 0.16}{312} = 230,000 \text{ nm}^3 @ 0.025 \text{ RM } 5,750.-$$

$$3. 51 \text{ man-days} @ 12.- \text{ RM } 612.-$$

$$4. Power \frac{25 \times 1,440,000}{1000} = 36,000 \text{ kwh} @ 0.02 \text{ RM } 720.-$$

$$5. Circulating water \frac{17 \times 1,440,000}{1000} = 25,000 \text{ m}^3 @ 0.02 \text{ RM } 500.-$$

$$6. Make up water, 10% of circul. water @ 0.02 \text{ RM } 50.-$$

$$7. Feed water, 720 m³ @ 0.20 \text{ RM } 144.-$$

$$8. Fuel gas, 547 x 10⁶ kcal @ 4.50 \text{ RM } 2,460.-$$

$$9. Steam, 3 atm, 662 te @ 1.50 \text{ RM } 994.-$$

$$10. Amortization, interest, maintenance, \\ 12 + 2 = 14\% \text{ on RM } 9,000,000 @ 3.460.-$$

$$\text{Total expense per day RM } 21,880.-$$

Receipts per day:

$$\text{Steam, 16 atm., 700 te} @ 3.00 \text{ RM } 2,100.-$$

Operating costs, including capital services and maintenance 19,780.-

Operating costs per nm³ synthesis gas $\frac{1,978,000}{1,440,000} = \text{Pfg. } 1.370$

Composition of synthesis gas:

CO ₂	18%
CO	27%
H ₂	54%
N ₂	1%

Operating costs per nm³ CO + H₂ $\frac{1.370}{81} = \text{Pfg. } 1.690$

W. M. Sternberg