

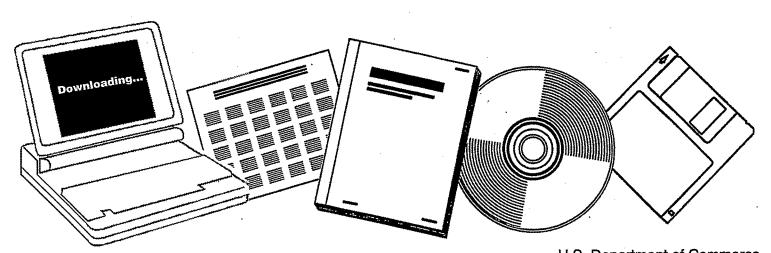
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# FTIR STUDIES OF HYDROCARBON SYNTHESIS ON PD/ZSM5 CATALYSTS. QUARTERLY PROGRESS REPORT

NOTRE DAME UNIV., IN. DEPT. OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING

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DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Quarterly Progress Report

May 15, 1985

Project 84PC70788-2

FTIR Studies of Hydrocarbon Synthesis on Pd/ZSM5 Catalysts

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### Brief Summary of progress

During the past quarter two tasks were accomplished:

i) Obtaining reaction rate data in both the Pd/ZSM5 and Pd/SiO<sub>2</sub> catalysts,
ii) Obtaining infrared spectrum of CO/H<sub>2</sub> mixtures in both of the above catalysts. The results indicate that both catalysts exhibit CO hydrogenation activity but different selectivities. The reaction rate and the selectivities

activity but different selectivities. The reaction rate and the selectivities are affected by pressure and temperature. The infrared spectrum of CO on the Pd/ZSM5 catalyst under reaction conditions exhibit several bands which are different than those of adsorbed CO.

### Summary of progress

The two tasks completed during the last quarter were conducted at relatively low pressures, 20 and 75 psi, and the kinetics and IR studies were conducted separately. Leaks had prevented to collect the data in the IR-cell reactor as originally intended, consequently, it was decided to obtain preliminary reaction rate data in the reactor with blank seals instead of the IR transparent windows. These data were obtained on a Pd/ZSM5 and Pd/SiO<sub>2</sub> catalysts in order to ascertain the role of the support. The data summarized in figs. 1-2 show reaction rates and selectivities obtained at five different temperatures and at 20 (atmospheric) and 75 psi total pressure. It can be seen that the rates per unit gram of catalysts are similar in both catalysts and increases with pressure and temperature (fig. 1).

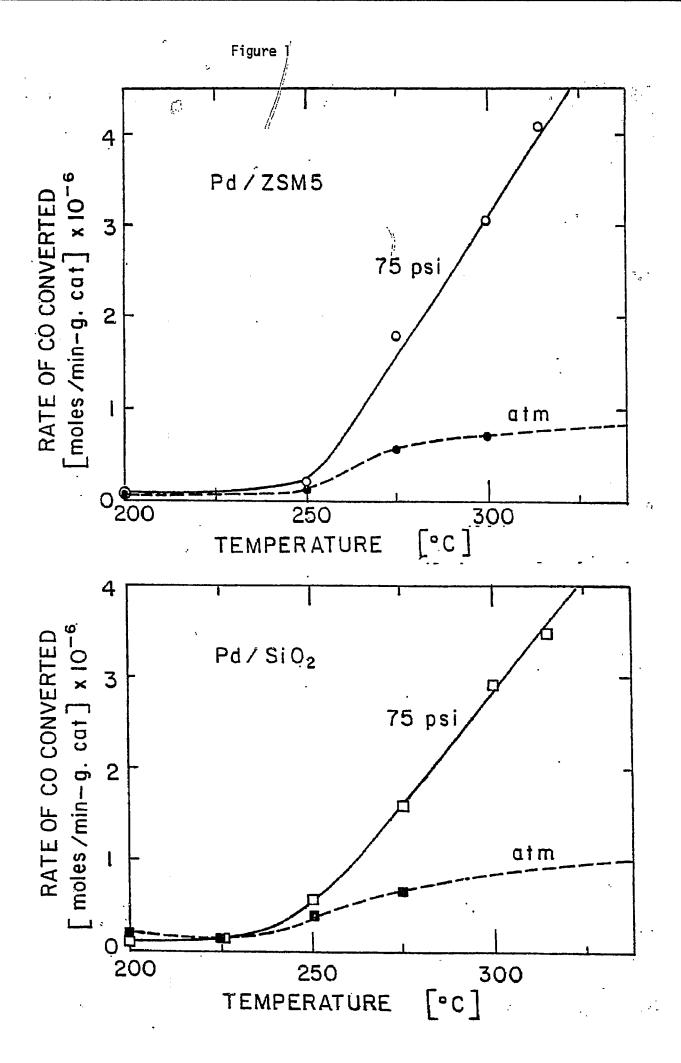
The selectivities, shown in fig. 2 indicate that the ZSM5 support indeed affects the reaction pathway by producing a different product distribution than the  $\mathrm{SiO}_2$  supported Pd. The zeolite support leads to heavier hydrocarbons than the silica support at 250-300°C, but the cracking acidity of the zeolite predominates at the higher temperature leading to more  $\mathrm{C}_1$  (fig. 2).

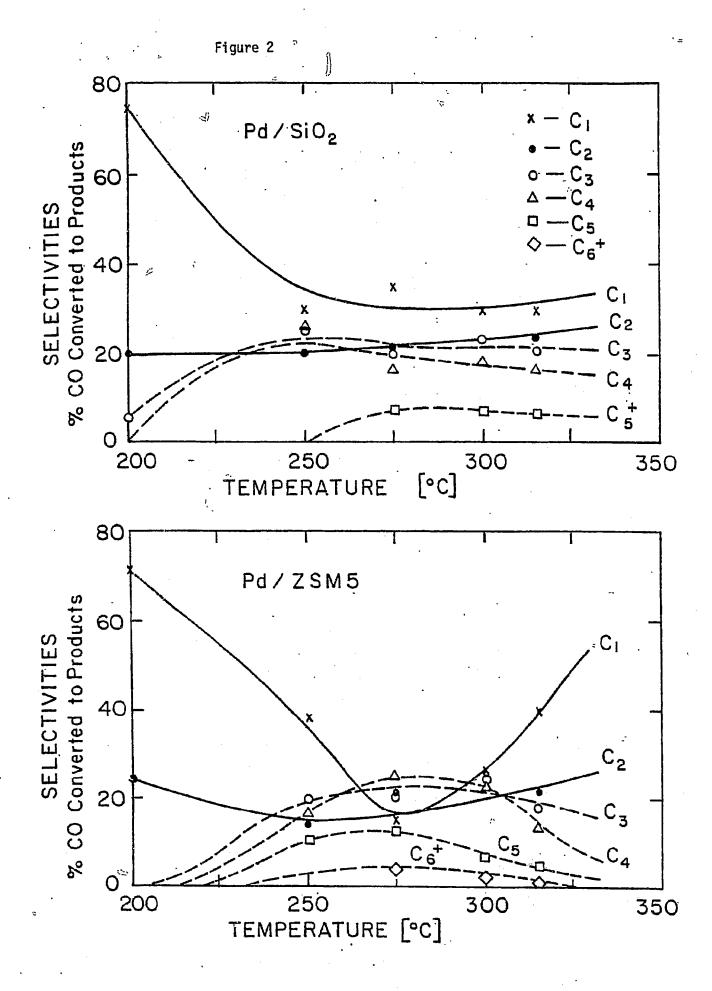
Infrared studies were conducted on the Pd/ZSM5 catalyst under reaction conditions at atmospheric pressure, and at the same temperatures than the

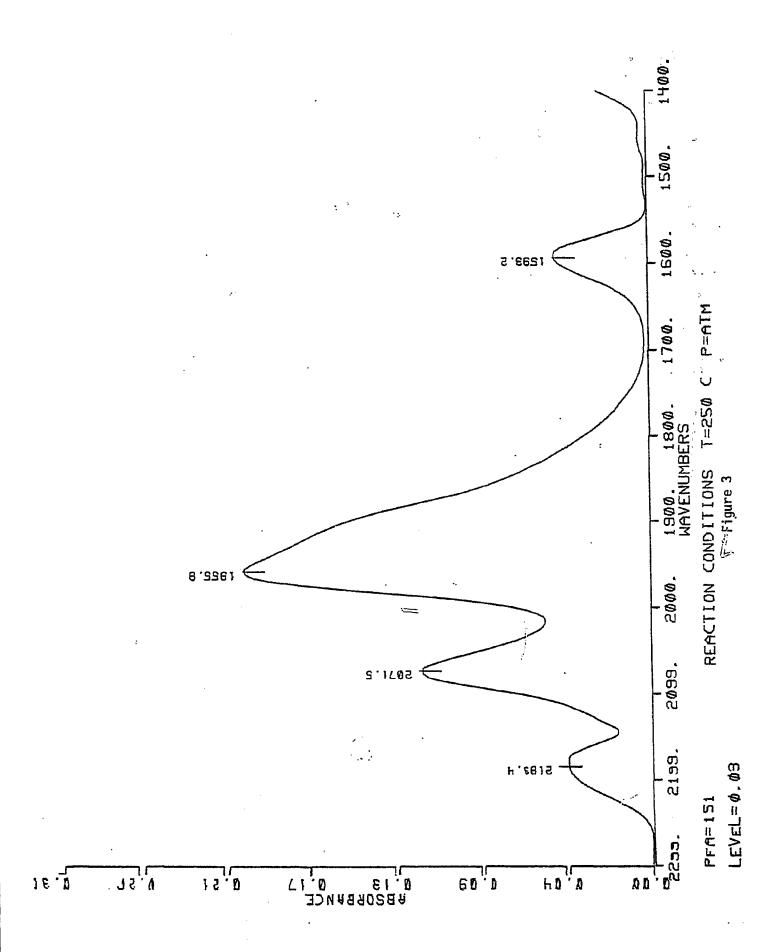
reaction studies. IR spectra were also obtained at 40 psi in a  $N_2$  atmosphere and at various temperatures. Fig. 3 shows the spectrum of a mixture of  $CO/H_2$  under reaction conditions at 250°C. The linear and bridge bonded form of CO adsorbed on Pd can be clearly seen at about 2071 and 1955 cm $^{-1}$ , along with a small peak at 1593 cm $^{-1}$ . As the temperature increases to the point at which the reaction rate starts increasing with temperature, and production of hydrocarbons other than  $C_1$  is detected, the spectrum changes significantly as shown in fig. 4. The shoulder, which is barely seen in the bridge bonded band in fig. 3, develops as a separate band centered at 1859 cm $^{-1}$ . Furthermore, the band at 1593 cm $^{-1}$  fully develops centered at 1578 cm $^{-1}$  along with a similar band at 1477 cm $^{-1}$ .

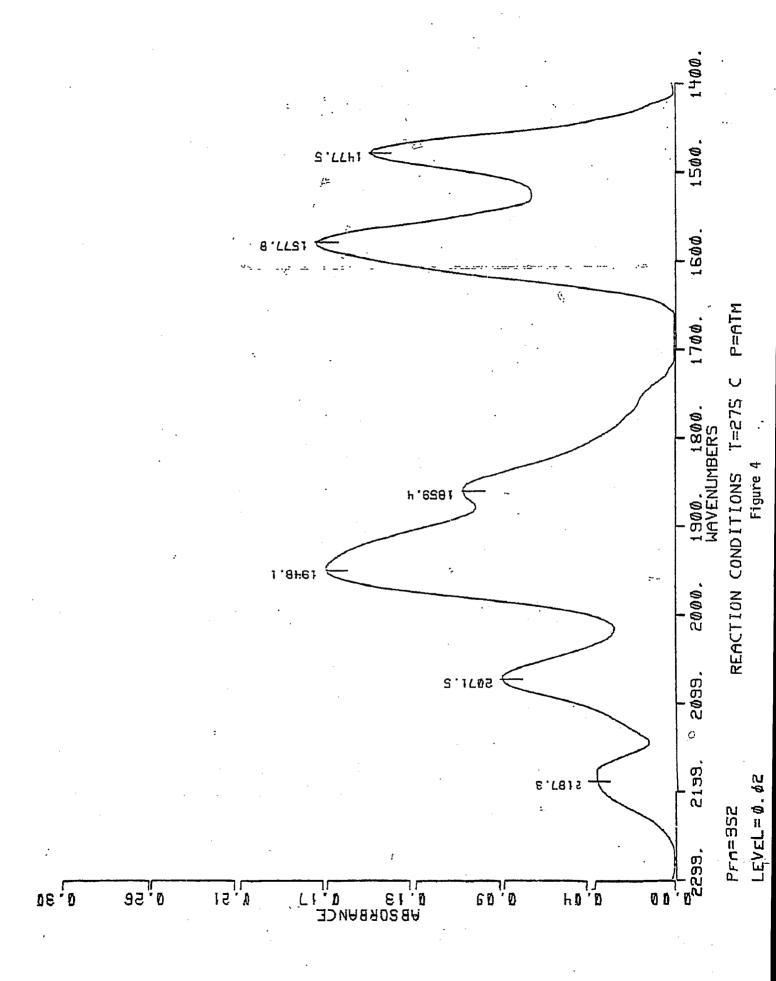
The band adjacent to the bridge bonded peak increases with temperature but decreases again as the temperature decreases. However, the low frequency bands once formed, are not strongly affected by temperature or the reaction environment.

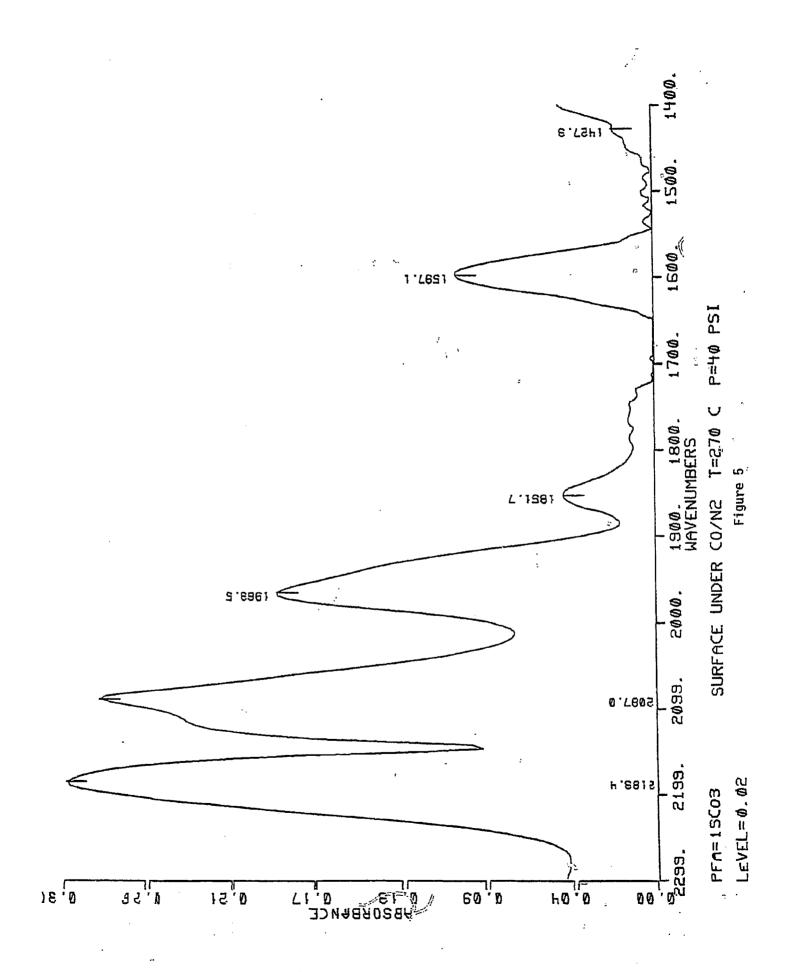
The IR results obtained at 40 psi under a CO/N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere show bands located at similar frequencies as those obtained at 1 atm. and under CO/H<sub>2</sub>, although in this case, the gas phase CO band at 2183 cm<sup>-1</sup> predominates (fig. 5). The band at 1851 cm<sup>-1</sup> is much less intense and the band at 1477 cm<sup>-1</sup> can be barely detected. Since the reaction studies and the IR studies were conducted separately, a clear connection between these two is not yet possible, nonetheless the present data indicates that the ZSM5 catalyst have an hydrogenation function and that adsorbed species other than CO are observable. Work at higher pressures and in the same IR cell reactor is needed to verify if the Pd/ZSM5 catalysts possesses a bifunctional character, which is the main hyphothesis of this work, and to identify the nature of the IR bands under reaction conditions.











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