

APPENDIX A

Dry-Ash Lurgi System

This Appendix shows the method used to compute the quantity of total plant coal that must be sent to a coal-fired steam plant to provide steam for oxygen production, gasifier steam and downstream unit requirements. The example shown is for Illinois #6 coal.

For the Dry-Ash Lurgi, in addition to fine coal firing, the gasifier tars, oils and phenols are sent for steam production.

The plant coal split requirement for this case is shown below.

**PRODUCTION OF TARS, OILS & PHENOLS FOR DRY-ASH LURGI
(Btu/Lb of Coal Gasified)**

	DAF		As-Received		
	MBtu/lb	lb/lb	MBtu/lb	lb/lb	MBtu/lb
Tars	15.7	.038	0.597	.031	.4867
Oils	16.7	.0035	0.058	.0028	.047
Phenols	7.8	.0057	<u>0.044</u>	.0045	<u>.035</u>
Totals			0.700		.559

Total plant coal = 2,317 M #/hr
 LHV (as-received) = 10,951 Btu/lb
 Lbs O₂/lb as-received coal = 0.454
 Lbs steam/lb as-received coal = 1.98
 Lbs steam = (1.98 + 1.78(1) x 0.454) G.C. + 596 (2)
 where G.C. = Gasifier Coal
 Lbs steam = 2,788 G.C. + 596
 S.C. + G.C. = 2,317 where S.C. = Steam Coal
 Steam Btu = 1,550 x lb steam
 Steam Coal Btu's = 1,550 x steam - (569 x G.C.)
 = S.C. x 10,986
 ... 1,550 x 1b steam - (569 G.C.) = (2,317 - G.C.)
 ... 1,550 (2.7888 G.C. + 596) - 569 G.C. = (2,317 -
 ... 4,321 G.C. + 923,800 - 569 G.C. = 25,454,562 -
 ... 14,738 G.C. = 24.526 x 10⁶
 ... G.C. = 1,664 M lbs/hr
 ... S.C. = 653 M lbs/hr

BGC-Lurgi System

For the BGC-Lurgi, only the oils and phenols are sent to the steam plant, the tars are recycled to the gasifier. The plant coal split requirement for the BGC gasifier case is shown below.

PRODUCTION OF OILS & PHENOLS FOR BGC-LURGI
(Btu/Lb of Coal Gasified)

	DAF		As-Received	
	MBtu/lb	lb/lb	lb/lb	MBtu/lb
Oils	16.7	.021	.017	283
Phenols	7.8	.0058	.0047	37
Total				320

$$\text{Total coal (as-received)} = 2,317 \text{ M lbs/hr}$$

$$\text{LHV of as-received coal} = 10,986 \text{ Btu/lb}$$

$$\text{Lbs O}_2/\text{lb as-received coal} = 0.498$$

$$\text{Lbs steam/lb as-received coal} = 0.354$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Lbs steam} &= (1.78^{(1)} \times 0.498 + 0.354) \text{ G.C.} + 596^{(2)} \\ &= 1.24 \text{ G.C.} + 596\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{S.C.} + \text{G.C.} = 2,317$$

$$1,550 \times \text{steam} - 320 \text{ G.C.} = \text{S.C.} \times 10,986$$

$$\therefore 1,550 (1.24 \text{ G.C.} + 596) - 320 \text{ G.C.} = (2,317 - \text{G.C.}) 10,986$$

$$\therefore 12,589 \text{ G.C.} = 24.531 \times 10^6$$

$$\therefore \text{G.C.} = 1,949 \text{ M Btu/hr}$$

$$\therefore \text{S.C.} = 368 \text{ M lbs/hr}$$

(1) Assumed that 1.78 lb steam required to produce 1 lb of oxygen.

(2) Plant steam needs in excess of gasifier requirement.

APPENDIX B

SHIFT ANALYSIS

In the MRDC report,⁽³⁾ a portion of the raw gas stream was shifted to an H₂/CO ratio of 10:1. The portion shifted is sufficiently large to produce the required ratio of 2.54:1 for the Synthol reactor when the shifted stream is recombined with the unshifted stream.

The same procedure is used in the analyses of the Lurgi dry-ash fixed-bed gasifier for this report.

The following illustrates the computation necessary to calculate the total number of moles of raw gas requiring to be shifted:

Let A M moles/hr = Total raw gas stream flow

B M moles/hr = M moles/hr of H₂

C = M moles/hr of CO

Required H₂/CO ratio = X

$$\text{Moles of CO remaining after shift} = \frac{B+C}{1+X} = C^1$$

$$\therefore \text{Moles requiring shift} = C - C^1$$

The amount of synthesis gas which must be shifted to an H₂/CO ratio of 10:1 to produce an overall H₂/CO ratio of X when combined with the unshifted stream is:

$$\text{Synthesis gas to shift} = \frac{\frac{C - C^1}{10}}{\frac{11}{10} - \frac{B/C}{1+B/C}}$$

\therefore Total raw gas stream requiring shift = Synthesis gas

$$\text{to shift} \times \frac{A}{B+C}$$

APPENDIX C

COMPUTATION OF ENTRAINED GASIFIERS PRODUCT GAS OUTPUT

Texaco

Gas computation data for Texaco gasification were obtained from Reference 12. Use of this data resulted in a coal/slurry concentration of 74 to 26 for the Illinois #6 coal used in this report. This slurry concentration was adjusted to be 63/35 in the following manner:

Slurry Composition	<u>74/26</u> lbs/hr	<u>Delta</u> lbs/hr	<u>63/35</u> lbs/hr
Coal (DAF)	1,869,000	0	1,869,000
Oxygen	1,781,458	122,208	1,903,666
Inerts	35,299	2,422	37,721
Steam	0		
Water	807,770	439,754	1,247,524
Ash	210,817	0	210,817
Coal Moisture	<u>237,014</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>237,014</u>
CO (lb moles)	99,520	-7,630	91,890
CO ₂ (lb moles)	20,420	+7,630	28,050

Heat energy required to raise the increased water to gasification temperature is given by:

$$439,756 \text{ (} 200^{\circ}\text{F water} \rightarrow 2360^{\circ}\text{F steam at 600 psi) = 929.66 MMBtu}$$

This heat energy is provided by combustion of carbon monoxide to form carbon dioxide. 7.63×10^3 lb moles of CO are required to produce this heat. Oxygen requirement for this combustion is 122.21×10^3 lb moles.

APPENDIX D
GASOLINE COST COMPUTATIONS
SYNTHETIC SYNTHESES

Gasifier Type	Mode	Coal	Plant Construction Cost 1977 \$	Plant Output Mwty/hr Mw(1)	Cost per Mw/hr of Output	Gasoline Cost per Gallon					
						1977 \$ (5)		1980 \$ (5)		1980 \$ (5)	
						Capital Recovery	Plant Out(2)	Plant Cost Out(2)	Total Cost	Thermal Basis(3)	Market Basis(4)
Dry Ash Lurgi	M	Wyoming	1,186.1	1,138	5.45	1.61	.72	7.78	.93	1.33	1.24
Dry Ash Lurgi	AL	Wyoming	1,382.7	1,413	8.49	2.50	.96	11.95	1.63	1.51	1.90
BIG Lurgi	M	Wyoming	1,104.3	11,875	4.81	1.42	.68	6.91	.83	.92	1.10
KCC Lurgi	AL	Wyoming	1,289.4	9,444	7.05	2.08	.86	9.99	1.19	1.24	1.58
Westinghouse	M	Wyoming	1,163.1	11,805	5.09	1.50	.69	7.27	.87	1.03	1.16
Westinghouse	AL	Wyoming	1,325.4	9,388	7.29	2.15	.86	10.30	1.23	1.28	1.65
Texaco	M	Wyoming	1,167.1	11,254	5.36	1.58	.77	7.71	.92	1.05	1.22
Texaco	AL	Wyoming	1,289.0	9,577	6.95	2.05	.91	9.91	1.18	1.23	1.57
Shell-Koppers	M	Wyoming	1,231.4	12,333	5.16	1.52	.70	7.38	.88	.98	1.17
Shell-Koppers	AL	Wyoming	1,341.2	10,499	6.62	1.95	.83	9.41	1.13	1.16	1.50

(1) Does not include by-product sulfur and ammonia.

(2) O&M cost are net of by-product recovery costs.

(3)

(4) Products priced per relative price schedule given in Figure 3-14.

(5) 1980 prices are determined by escalating 1977 capital costs by 1.26 and O&M costs by 1.39. (Nielsen Index.)

APPENDIX D (Continued)
GASOLINE COST COMPUTATIONS
STYTHOL SYNTHESIS

Gasifier Type	Mode	Coal	Plant Construction Cost 1977 \$	Plant Output MBTU/hr	Cost per MBTU/hr of Output	Gasoline Cost per Gallon						
						Capital Recovery	Plant O&M(2)	Cost	Total	1977 \$ Market Basis(3)	1980 \$ Market Basis(4)	Thermal Basis(5)
Dry Ash Lurgi (6)	H	111 #6	1,464.5	12,247	6.28	1.85	1.96	10.09	1.21	2.14	1.58	2.78
Dry Ash Lurgi (6)	AL	111 #6	1,670.5	9,114	9.46	2.79	2.59	16.85	1.78	2.32	1.91	3.01
Dry Ash Lurgi (7)	H	111 #6	1,393.3	15,203	4.70	1.39	1.54	7.63	.91	1.33	1.19	1.73
Dry Ash Lurgi (7)	AL	111 #6	1,674.9	11,245	7.69	2.27	2.10	12.06	1.54	1.52	1.88	1.95
AGC Lurgi	H	111 #6	1,335.2	14,344	4.81	1.42	1.68	7.90	.95	1.20	1.24	1.56
AGC Lurgi	AL	111 #6	1,562.2	11,461	6.95	2.05	2.10	11.10	1.31	1.39	1.73	1.81
Westinghouse	H	111 #6	1,319.6	15,846	4.30	1.27	1.49	7.06	.84	.97	1.10	1.26
Westinghouse	AL	111 #6	1,523.6	12,562	6.22	1.85	1.88	9.99	1.19	1.24	1.56	1.61
Texaco	H	111 #6	1,401.8	14,548	4.98	1.47	1.62	8.07	.96	1.13	1.26	1.47
Texaco	AL	111 #6	1,516.1	12,368	6.41	1.89	1.91	10.21	1.22	1.27	1.59	1.66
Shell-Koppers	H	111 #6	1,600.0	15,813	4.57	1.35	1.49	7.41	.89	.99	1.16	1.29
Shell-Koppers	AL	111 #6	1,541.4	13,461	5.91	1.74	1.75	9.41	1.13	1.16	1.47	1.51

(1) Does not include by-product sulfur and ammonia.

(2) O&M cost are net of by-product recovery costs.

(3) All products sold for same cost per MBTU.

(4) Product prices per relative price schedule given in Figure 3-16.

(5) 1980 prices are determined by escalating 1977 capital costs by 1.26 and O&M costs by 1.30. (Nielsen Index.)

(6) Calculated from Westfield Gasifier trials. Reference 2.

(7) Calculated from Fluor data. Reference 6.

APPENDIX D (Continued)
GASOLINE COST COMPUTATIONS
KOBEL SYNTHESIS

Classifier Type	Mode	Coal	Plant Construction Cost 1977 \$	Plant Output MMBtu/hr Net ⁽¹⁾	Cost per MMBtu/hr of Output	Gasoline Cost per Gallon						
						1977 ⁽²⁾			1980 ⁽³⁾			
						Capital Recovery ⁽⁴⁾	Plant O&M ⁽²⁾	Coal Cost	Total	Thermal Basis ⁽³⁾	Market Basis ⁽⁴⁾	Thermal Basis ⁽³⁾
BGC Lurgi	M	Wyoming	1,067.9	11,909	4.63	1.37	.68	6.68	.80	.84	1.64	1.12
BGC Lurgi	AL	Wyoming	1,180.4	10,377	5.87	1.73	.78	8.39	1.00	1.03	1.33	1.44
Westinghouse	M	Wyoming	1,125.4	11,618	5.00	1.48	.70	7.17	.86	.93	1.14	1.24
Westinghouse	AL	Wyoming	1,212.4	10,175	6.15	1.82	.80	8.76	1.05	1.08	1.39	1.36
Texaco	AL	Wyoming	1,176.1	10,583	5.74	1.69	.82	8.25	.99	1.01	1.32	1.34
Shell-Koppers	M	Wyoming	1,163.8	12,077	4.98	1.67	.72	7.16	.86	.89	1.14	1.18
Shell-Koppers	AL	Wyoming	1,193.5	11,568	5.33	1.57	.75	7.65	.92	.94	1.22	1.25

(1) Does not include by-product sulfur and ammonia.

(2) O&M cost are net of by-product recovery costs.

(3) All products sold for same cost per MMBtu.

(4) Products priced per relative price schedule given in Figure 3-16.

(5) 1980 prices are determined by escalating 1977 capital costs by 1.26 and O&M costs by 1.38. (Nielsen Index.)

APPENDIX D (Concluded)
GASOLINE COST COMPUTATIONS
KOELTEL SYNTHESIS

Catalytic Type	Mode	Coal	Plant Construction Cost 1977 \$	Plant Output MBtu/hr Rev(1)	Plant Capital Recovery	Plant Cost O&M(2)	Total Cost	Gasoline Cost per Gallon				
								1977 \$	Market Basis(3)	Thermal Basis(4)	1980 \$ (5)	
BIG Lurgi	M	111 #6	1,279.0	14,126	4.68	1.38	1.70	.76	.93	1.05	1.24	1.40
IGC Lurgi	AL	111 #6	1,392.3	12,376	5.81	1.71	1.94	.47	1.13	1.16	1.51	1.55
Westinghouse	M	111 #6	1,267.1	15,598	4.19	1.24	1.51	6.95	.63	.89	1.11	1.19
Westinghouse	AL	111 #6	1,377.7	13,607	5.23	1.54	1.74	8.51	1.02	1.05	1.36	1.40
Texaco	M	111 #6	1,349.2	14,249	4.89	1.44	1.66	7.99	.96	1.01	1.28	1.35
Texaco	AL	111 #6	1,185.2	13,625	5.25	1.55	1.73	8.53	1.07	1.05	1.36	1.40
Shell-Koppers	M	111 #6	1,318.5	15,486	4.40	1.30	1.52	7.22	.86	.90	1.15	1.20
Shell-Koppers	AL	111 #6	1,355.7	14,834	4.72	1.39	1.59	7.70	.92	.94	1.23	1.25

(1) Does not include by-product sulfur and ammonia.

(2) O&M cost are net of by-product recovery costs.

(3) All products sold for same cost per MBtu.

(4) Products priced per relative price schedule given in Figure 3-16.

(5) 1980 prices are determined by escalating 1977 capital costs by 1.26 and O&M costs by 1.36. (Nielsen Index.)

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