

Velocities and Residence Times in Liquid Phase Converters.

By D. I. Schappert, Ludwigshafen, 13 July 1942

Velocities in High Pressure Converters.

Table I shows the most important data required for calculating the velocities in high pressure liquid phase converters. Three operating methods were considered for Kesseling:

- a) - projected full throughput when using cold gas as cooling medium,
- b) - projected full throughput when using cold gas and cold oil as cooling medium,
- c) - present low throughput when using cold oil as cooling medium.

Velocities and Residence Times When Running Bituminous Coal in Liquid Phase.

Ludwigshafen, 8 July 1941

Table II shows velocities and residence times when running bituminous coal for the converters and catchpots at Nordstern, Scholven, 10 Ltr. Converter 411 and Stall 804. The report of 15 May 1939 was used as a basis for the first 3 plants, the experimental data of 29 June 1941 for Stall 804.

Contrary to the former method of calculation, in which a spec. grav. of 1.1 was used for the leddown at converter temperature, these calculations were made with a corrected value of 0.5, which is approximately correct at the high temperatures.

The residence times were calculated:

- 1) - as formerly, with the assumption that the gas and the liquid form a homogeneous mixture in the converter, and
- 2) - with the assumption that a degree of filling of only 40% is obtained, which corresponds to operating conditions in large plants. For this second case, the mean converter velocity was calculated by dividing the total converter length by the residence time.

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Plant		Leuna	Scholven	Hordstern	
Pressure	atm	200	300	700	
Number of Converters					
Jacket Ø of Converters (I.D.)	mm	1200 1044	800 690	1200 1044	1000 860
Clear I.D.	mm				
Cross-Section	m ²	0.65	0.375	0.85	0.53
Throughput Inlet gas	m ³ /h	28 28 000	24 28 000	35 35 000	
Cold gas to Conv. I	m ³ /h	4 500	4 500	7 000	
Cold gas to Conv. II	"	5 000	5 000	8 000	
Cold gas to Conv. III	"	3 700	3 700	6 000	
Cold gas to Conv. IV	"	5 000	5 000	8 000	
Volumes					
Operating Condition	m ³ /h				
Converter I	"	406 / 466	283 / 325	189 / 219	
Converter II	"	466 / 533	325 / 371	219 / 253	
Converter III	"	533 / 583	371 / 405	253 / 279	
Converter IV	"	589 / 649	405 / 451	279 / 314	
Velocity in the Converters					
Converter I	m/sec.	0.132 / 0.151	0.091 / 0.105	0.091 / 0.105	
Converter II	"	0.151 / 0.172	0.105 / 0.120	0.105 / 0.122	
Converter III	"	0.395 / 0.431	0.120 / 0.131	0.122 / 0.134	
Converter IV	"	0.431 / 0.480	0.131 / 0.146	0.134 / 0.151	

x) Cooling Oil

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(Table I)

Wesseling			Pöllitz	Welheim	Bieckhamme
700			700	700	700
4 1000 860			4 1000 860	4 1000 860	4 1000 860
0.58			0.58	0.58	0.58
45.2 38 000	26 30 000		42 32 000	36 20 000	58 49 000
12 000 13 000 10 000 13 000 e)	12 000 8 000 + 2,3 x) 4.8 x) 6.7 x) b)	7.0 x) c)	7 000 8 000 6 000 8 000	7 000 8 000 6 000 8 000	10 500 12 000 9 000 12 000
213 / 264 264 / 320 320 / 363 363 / 419	213 / 264 264 / 301 301 / 307 307 / 419	157 159 162 165	184 / 214 214 / 249 249 / 274 274 / 309	126 / 156 156 / 191 191 / 216 216 / -251	286 / 331 331 / 382 382 / 421 421 / 472
0.102/0.127 0.127/0.153 0.153/0.174 0.174/0.201	0.102/0.127 0.127/0.145 0.145/0.147 0.147/0.150	0.073 0.074 0.076 0.077	0.085/0.103 0.103/0.120 0.120/0.132 0.132/0.148	0.061/0.075 0.075/0.092 0.092/0.104 0.104/0.121	0.132/0.158 0.153/0.183 0.183/0.202 0.202/0.226

TABLE XI

	Stall 803	Scholz	Converter 4.11 with Upper Silesian Bimetallic Coal	Stall 804
<u>Table of Calculations of Operating Values</u>				
Operating Press., atm.	700	500	600	700
Throughput: a) Coal (dust-free)	11000 kg/h	9000 kg/h	7 kg/h	577 kg/h
b) Coal Paste	23500 kg/h	23500 kg/h	27.5 kg/h	(1940 kg/h Paste plus 367 kg Paste Oil)
Gas Throughput: a) Paste Gas	25000 m³/h	30000 m³/h	21 m³/h	25000 m³/h
b) Cold Gas	25000 " "	12000 "	" "	2020 "
Converter Gas (Outlet)	11200 "	15000 "	26 "	4150 "
Bottom Gas	770 "	700 "	0.11 "	75 "
Product Gas	400 "	330 "	0.4 "	41 "
Product	13000 kg/u	14000 kg/u	7.8 kg/h	852 kg
Bottom	8000 "	7000 "	8.1 "	1340 "
Mean Converter Temp.	1480 °C	1750 °C	493° C	468° C (max.)
Prod. as Vapor at 1 atm, 15°C (Rel. wt. = 250)	1340 m³/h	1340 m³/h	0.75 m³/h	82 m³/h
Total Gas Vol/h, 15°C	1320 "	16800 "	27.26 "	2350 "
Total Gas Vol/h @ Operat. Conditions	191 "	210 "	0.14 "	15.7 "
Volume of Liquid (Spec. Grav. = 0.5)	16 "	14 "	0.0162 m³/h	2.63 "
Total Throughput/h	207.5 "	424.4 "	0.1562	18.38 "
<u>Sizes:</u>				
Conv.: No. per Stall	3	3	1	2
I.D.	820 mm	1040 mm	(70 mm)	330 mm
Length betw. Inlet & Outlet	47.7 m	46 m	2250 mm	18.4 m (1)
Free Cross-Section	5520 cm²	3500 cm²	35 cm²	850 cm²
Total Conv. Vol.	26.4 m³	40.95 m³	7.65 l	1.6 m³
Catchpot: I.D.	340 mm	94 mm	(70 mm)	350 mm
Length	12 m (10 m)	9 m	1.7 m	7 m (1)
Free Cross-Section	5.60 cm² (5631 cm²)	7000 cm²	(free space from bottom to catchpot outlet) 35 cm²	960 cm²
Total Volume	1.4 m³ (3.1 m³)	4.38 m³	5.95 l	0.54 m³
of which for bottom	1.6 " (1.0 ")	1.54 "	1.75 l	0.176 "
<u>Mean Velocities in:</u>				
I) Converter				
1) Gas plus Liquid Calculated Homogeneous Mixture	10.4 cm/sec	13.9 cm/sec	1.24 cm/sec	6 cm/sec
2) @ 40% Full				
a) for Product Gas	16.1 cm/sec	22.3 cm/sec	1.86 cm/sec	8.35 cm/sec
b) for Liquid	2.0 "	1.14 "	0.29 "	2.14 "
II) Catchpot				
a) in Prod.-Gas Section	9.4 "	16.3 "	1.18 "	4.53 "
b) in Liquid Section (calculated for width of catchpot)	0.78 "	5.56 "	0.73 "	0.77 "
<u>Residence Times in</u>				
I) Converter				
1) Gas plus Liquid	458 sec.	348 sec.	181 sec.	314 sec.
Calculated as Homogeneous Mixture				
2) @ 40% Full				
a) for Product-Gas	296 "	216 "	121 "	220 "
b) for Liquid	2380 "	4220 "	776 "	861 "
II) Catchpot				
a) in Prod.-Gas Section	52.7 " (40.6")	24.6 "	108 "	83.5 "
b) Liquid Section	360 " (24.5 ")	396 "	390 "	238 "
<u>1) Cylindrical Space</u>				