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UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
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LOUISIANA, MISSOURI

From Dr. M. Pier's File

T-436

W. M. Sternberg
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High Pressure Experiments
Ludwigshafen, 558

August 27, 1941
Schmi/R

COMPARISON OF PRODUCTS OF VAPOR PHASE AND
FOAM PHASE SYNTHESES AT DIFFERENT TEMPERATURES

- Table 1 Synol products from Leuna with no pretreatment.
- Table 2 Synol products from Leuna de-acidified before distillation.
- Table 3 Products from straight vapor phase reactors at 195°C, experimental conditions as in 1 (Leuna) no pretreatment.
- Table 4 Products of straight vapor phase reactors at 195°C, experimental conditions as in 2 (Leuna), de-acidified before distillation.
- Table 5 Products from gas circulation reactors with a normal throughput at 195°C, no pretreatment/
- Table 6 Products from gas circulation reactors with a short residence time at 195°C, no pretreatment.
- Table 7 Products from circulation reactors with short residence time at 195°C, de-acidified before distillation.
- Table 8 Products from stirred foam reactors temperature 210°C, no pretreatment.
- Table 9 Repetition of table 8.
- Table 10 Products of stirred foam reactors temperature 210°C, de-acidified before distillation.

Table 11 Products of stirred foam reactors temperature
250°C, de-acidified before distillation.

Preliminary Report

Before a final judgement on the value of our synthesis oil process for the production of synol can be given, the results of a few outstanding tests and their comparison of the results of the tests of synol products from Leuna must be obtained.

The original products and the products freed from acid before distillation have been investigated.

According to Dr. Reisinger, analysis does not include alcohols as such as the products are not freed from acid before testing.

Differences are not very great according to our investigations, presumably because some of the alcohols were lost in the washing. Work is still continued to find out to what extent this is true.

The following results can be found from comparison of the original synol products (table 1 from Leuna) with the products from our small Fischer reactor (table 3) and with the products from gas circulation reactors (table 5, 6, and 7).

The free alcohol content of the middle oil fraction is around 25 percent on the average in the Leuna product and 20 percent in our product from the Fischer reactor;

they amount to 15 percent in the products from our gas circulation furnaces with a longer time of residence, 15 percent with a shorter time of residence, and 18 to 20 percent after a previous de-acidifying of the products.

The total alcohol content in the Leuna product is 29 percent, 35 percent in the Fischer reactor, 24 percent in the gas re-circulation reactors with a long residence time, 22 percent with a short residence time and 29 percent after a previous de-acidifying.

We may make the following preliminary statement:

The difference between the straight passage and the circulation reactors is slight. The former are however, better adapted for the synthesis of synol. We could give no information of the contents of the higher alcohols such as reported by Dr. Wenzel. Analyses made in Leuna are not available. We have, however, requested some products for investigation and asked for a testing by the Leuna method. There are, however, no fundamental differences in the products investigated in both places.

The products of the stirred foam reactors at 210°C containing 12 percent of free alcohols before being de-acidified, with 29 percent total alcohols, and after being de-acidified 20 percent free alcohols

and 28 percent total alcohols.

The products from the foam reactors at 250°C (method of operations for middle oil production) contain 11 percent free alcohols after de-acidifying and 14 percent total alcohols in the middle oil fraction.

The olefin content is always the higher the lower the alcohol content.

The sum of olefins and alcohols is higher in the products of our method of synthesis than in the synol products from Leuna.

Experiment No. 717
Leuna Product
May 21, 1941

Table I.

Leuna Synol Products Not Pretreated

Fraction	A -100°	B 100-150°	C 150-200°	D -100°/2mm	E -150°/2mm	F -200°/2mm	G -250°/2mm Residue	H
Proportion	19.4%	18.2%	19.2%	7.8%	14.6%	10.9%	4.5%	6.4%
Mol. weight	80	101	112	143	190	259	265	580
Free alcohols	7.5%	21.8%	24.0%	14.6%	20.0%	26.1%	19.0%	-
Esterified alcohols	0.3%	0.6%	1.0%	2.2%	4.5%	7.3%	6.3%	13.0%
Total alcohols	7.8%	22.4%	25.0%	16.8%	34.5%	33.4%	25.3%	-
Aldehyde + Ketones	8.7%	11.8%	4.1%	3.7%	3.5%	2.3%	1.6%	-
Free acids	0.60%	0.6%	0.6%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%	-
Olefins (hydrogenated No.)	44.8%	30.5%	21.8%	27.2%	23.4%	19.0%	13.7%	9%
Iodine no. (Hanus)	51.0%	30.5%	22.6%	28.6%	26.0%	22.6%	19.8%	41%

Experiment No. 716

MAY 20, 1941

Products from Gas Circulation Reactors

1-436
Table 5

Catalyst: Fused, finely ground (Leuna) Temp. 195° 20 atm
Conversion abt. 50 - 60% space-time yield 0.4 nora. re-

Product not pretreated

Experiments No. 724
U-Reactor 2
June 25, 1941

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Product from Gas Circulation Reactors

T-436
Table 6

Catalyst: Fused catalyst (Leuna) Temp 195°, 20 atm.
abt 20% gas yield 0.2 space-time yield short residence time
Product not pretreated

Fraction	A -100°	B 100-150°	C 150-200°	D -100°/2mm	E -150°/2mm	F -200°/2mm	G -250°/2mm	H -275°/2mm Residue	I -275°/2mm Residue
Proportion	16.2%	16.4%	13.2%	8.4%	10.4%	8.0%	5.9%	2.4%	19.5%
Gasoline	45.8%								
Mol. wt.	79	90	127	173	198	244	283	327	700
Free alcohols	43%	30%	28%	29%	18.0%	8.7%	16.0%	15.4%	11%
Esterified alcohols	1.3%	1.6%	3.5%	6.5%	11.0%	15.3%	15.0%	15.9%	23.4%
Total alcohols	44.3%	31.6%	31.5%	35.5%	29.0%	24.0%	31.0%	29.3%	34.4%
Aldehyde + Ketones	7.3%	7.3%	4.4%	3.8%	3.8%	3.7%	4.5%	3.8%	49.0%
Free acids	0.5%	3.6%	2.0%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.5%
Olefins (hydro. no.)	53%	41%	44.5%	42.5%	34.5%	30.0%	14.5%	18.4%	
Iodine no. (Haus)	59%	42.5%	44.5%	51.0%	42.5%	38.0%	33.6%	35.6%	45%
Oxygen	6.7%	8.6%	7.8%	5.0%	4.7%	3.6%	3.4%	3.3%	2.9%

Experiment No. 726

U-reactor 1
July 28, 1941

Products from Gas Circulation Reactors

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T-436
Table 7.

Catalyst: Fused catalyst (Leuna) Temp. 195° 20 atm
abt. 15% conversion 0.2 space-time yield short residence time
Products deacidified with 5% KOH before distillation, washed 4 times

Fraction	A -1000	B 100-1500	C 150-2000	D -1000/18mm	E -1500/18mm	F -2000/18mm	G -2500/18mm	H 2500
Proportion	6.6%	22.6%	18.8%	3.4%	13.4%	23.3%	6.7%	5.2%
Gasoline 48.0%								
Mol. weight	95	108	121	131	162	216	291	450
Free alcohol	7.8%	19.0%	28.7%	24.1%	28.5%	19.0%	13.8%	15.0%
Esterified alcohols	0.4%	0.8%	2.3%	2.7%	3.2%	3.8%	5.2%	16.2%
Total alcohol	18.2%	19.8%	31.0%	26.8%	31.7%	22.8%	19.0%	31.2%
Aldehyde + Ketones	5.7%	6.7%	9.0%	7.6%	6.5%	4.2%	7.3%	92.0%
Free acids	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%
Olefins (Hydro. No.)	65%	59%	46%	46%	38%	23.5%	46%	13%
Iodine no. (Karus)	65%	52%	34.5%	35.5%	29%	20%	20%	48%
Oxygen	4.2%	5.6%	7.2%	6.0%	5.3%	2.8%	2.3%	4.7%

June 4, 1941

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T-436
Table 8Products from Stirred Foam Reactors

Catalyst: Powdered fused catalyst (Leuna) Temp. 210° 20 atm.
 abt. 20% conversion space-time yield 0.15 from 12 days run.
 Product not pretreated.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Fraction	-100°	100-150°	150-200°	-100°/2mm	-150°/2mm	-200°/2mm ^x	Residue
Proportion	10.5%	8.1%	10.1%	6.2%	12.1%	47.9%	5.1%
Gasoline	28.7%						
Middle oil				66.2% ^x)			
Mol. wt.	80	91	117	133	175	239	440
Free alcohols	17.5%	15.2%	18.2%	22.6%	23.8%	14.8%	7.8%
Esterified alcohols	2.3%	3.0%	6.5%	9.1%	14.3%	17.0%	35.0%
Total alcohols	19.8%	18.2%	24.7%	31.7%	38.1%	31.8%	42.8%
Aldehydes + Ketones	14.9%	9.2%	10.9%	9.4%	7.0%	4.7%	94.0%
Free acids	0.7%	6.3%	3.4%	0.5%	0.4%	0.1%	0.9%
Olefins (Hydro. no)	4.7%	3.0%	39.6%	35.8%	30.0%	27.5%	
Iodine no. (Hansus)	4.6%	3.4%	3.7%	3.6%	3.7%	2.9.7%	44.5%
Oxygen	11.18%	13.6%	10.46%	7.49%	6.52%	4.53%	6.97%

x) The large size of this fraction must be explained by a partial carrying over of the liquid phase. Test was repeated at a later date, Experiment 725.

Experiment No. 725
U-reactor 5
June 28, 1941

Products from Stirred Foam Reactors

Table 2

Catalyst: Powdered fused catalyst (Leuna) Temp. 210 20 atm

Repetition of experiment 720, after 5 weeks operation
Product not pretreated

Fraction	Gasoline	-100°/2mm	-150°/2mm	-200°/2mm	>200°/2mm
Proportion	46.5%	6.4%	12.9%	20.6%	13.6%
Middle oil	39.9%				
Mol. Wt.					
161	202	271	600		
Free alcohols	16.3%	10.0%	9.0%	13.2%	
Esterified alcohols	15.0%	21.0%	18.8%	5.2%	
Total alcohols	31.3%	31.0%	27.8%	65.2%	
Free acids	0.5%	0.3%	0.3%	2.7%	
Aldehydes + Ketones	7.8%	3.7%	2.0%	48.0%	
Olefins (Hydro. no.)	39.0%	27%	15.2%	-	
Iodine no. (Karus)	43.0%	34%	26%	50%	
Oxygen	6.52%	5.66%	4.10%	5.79%	

Experiment No. 730

U-reactor 3

August 4, 1941

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Product from Stirred Foam Reactors

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Table 10

Catalyst: powdered fused catalyst Temp. 2100 20 atm
 Product deacidified before distillation with 5% KOH, washed 4 times
 Fraction A -100° 100-150° 150-200° -100°/1mm -150°/1mm -200°/1mm > 200°/1mm
 Proportion 7.2% 13.7% 14.4% 11.0% 15.0% 25.2% 13.4%

Gasoline 35.3%

Middle oil 51.2%

Mol. wt.	84	97	134	158	202	261	635
Free alcohols	8.0%	14.6%	24.0%	21.0%	19.5%	8.8%	-
Esterified alcohols	8.2% 0.2%	15.3% 0.7%	27.4% 3.4%	28.5% 7.5%	34.1% 14.6%	25.4% 16.6%	45%
Aldehydes + ketones	6.0%	6.2%	9.2%	6.8%	5.8%	3.9%	95.0%
Free acids	0.01%	0.03%	0.03%	0.05%	0.03%	0.05%	0.05%
Olefines (Hydro. no.)	62%	57%	55%	54%	43.5%	32.0%	
Toluene No. (Eanuus)	63%	56%	50%	49%	41.3%	30.7%	63%
Oxygen	4.63%	5.72%	6.67%	5.42%	5.05%	2.25%	6.56%

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Table 11

Experiment No. 731
U-reactor 6
August 14, 1941

Products from Stirred Foam Reactors

Catalyst P₂ (red iron oxide catalyst) Temp 250° 20 atm
Product deacidified with 5% KOH before distillation and washed 4 times.

Proportion	A -1000	B 100-1500	C 150-2000	D -1000/8mm	E -1500/8mm	F -2000/4mm	G >2000/4mm
Gasoline	20.6%	5.9%	16.9%				
Middle oil				6.1%	10.8%	15.7%	24.2%
Gasoline 43.4%							
Mol. Wt.	81	97	115	140	180	237	445
Free alcohols	3.5%	9.9%	13.0%	12.0%	11.0%	8.2%	5.2%
Esterified alcohols	0.7%	0.8%	1.2%	1.7%	3.0%	6.2%	8.2%
Total alcohols	4.2%	10.7%	14.2%	13.7%	14.0%	14.4%	13.4%
Aldehydes							
Ketones	3.6%	2.6%	3.9%	4.1%	3.7%	2.9%	95.0%
Free acids	0.04%	0.5%	1.2%	0.9%	1.4%	0.7%	2.5%
Olefins (Hydro. no.)	69%	61.5%	60.0%	62.0%	54.5%	55.0%	"
Iodine no.	70.5%	60.5%	59.0%	63%	56.3%	59.5%	44.0%
Oxygen	3.02%	3.94%	4.01%	2.91%	"	"	"