BRPE 91.05.30 | E(10-J2D, 11-Q1) H(4-E5) *EP 516441-A1 BRITISH PETROLEUM CO PLC 91.05.30 91US-707477 (92.12.02) CO7C 1/04 Conversion of natural gas into higher hydrocarbon(s) - by USE/ADVANTAGE Integration of the reforming and Fischer-Tropsch proceintegrated steam reforming and Fischer-Tropsch processes involving no sepn. and recycle of carbon disoxide (Eng) sses is more cost-effective, not requiring sepn. of CO, C92-177755 R(AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT LI LU MC NL PT SE) from the reformer output and subsequent recycling. Addnl. Data: HARDMAN S. WOODFIN W.T. RUHL R.C. PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS 92.05.29 92EP-304881 (a) is carried out at 700-1100°C and pressure of 1000 8000 kPa. (b) is carried out at 150-350 °C adm pressure of 100 Conversion of natural gas (1) into higher hydrocarbons (11) 10,000 kPa. comprises: (a) involves partial reaction of steam and (1), passing (a) reacting (I) with steam in a reforming zone contg. of the product to an autothermal reformer together with a reforming catalyst to give a first product stream (III) fresh (I), steam and 0,, and circulation of product stream contg. CO, CO, and H,; from autothermal reformer back to the steam reforming where (b) passing (III), without sepg. CO,, to a Fischer-Tropsch reactor to give a second product stream (IV) contg it provides a source of heat for the reaction. (III) is subjected to water and/or H, removal before (II) and CO.: (b). (c) passing (IV) to a recovery zone where (II) are 50-99% of (V) is recycled back to (a), pref. to give recovered, the remaining components of (IV) forming a 10-40 vol. & CO, w.r.t.(1). The portion of (V) being third product stream (V); and recycled is pre-reformed to remove higher hydrocarbons (d) passing at least part of (V) into the reforming before recycling. zone of (a). 4EF 516441-A:

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